

BHI HydroRam Hydraulic Hammer

HK Series Operation Manual & Parts List



FOREWORD

We thank you very much for your purchasing of our BHI HydroRam Hydraulic hammer.

To obtain the best performance of your hammer under any working conditions, you need to do proper handling, regular inspection and maintenance. Otherwise the hammer may fail to display its full capacity or result in various troubles of the certain parts.

This Operation Manual and Parts List provide you with all the information you need to correctly use for maintenance. Please read carefully this publications prior to the installation and operation in order to prevent any possible mishandling of the hammer and minimize the down time of the equipment. Any inquiry related to the maintenance and service through your local dealer will be highly appreciated.

BHI dealers and service workshops are equipped with the necessary special tools and well-dimensioned parts stocks where only genuine parts are used for service and repairs. We guarantee that a faithful compliance of the instruction will contribute to the best operational conditions. Customers are, therefore, required to keep in mind that the manufacturer is not responsible for troubles caused by not following our instructions or not using the genuine parts.

BHI reserves the right to make changes of the product without prior notice and without assuming any responsibility to carry out the same change to products already sold or manufactured.

Note! The descriptions in this book do not apply to any particular specification. Both standard and optional equipment are covered, and each hammer is equipped and set in accordance with each specific order. Consequently, standard and optional equipment are not marked in the text of this book.

Best Hammer Industries Technical Information

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I. INTRODUCTION

BHI HydroRam Hydraulic Hammer, designed and built to provide durable operation under any working conditions, has been developed by BHI's excellent engineers with accumulated technology and experiences for many years.

This manual contains safety, operation and routine maintenance instruction. It does not contain disassembly for service.

Do not operate the hammer unless the following safety instructions have been thoroughly read and understood. Read this Manual before installing, operating or maintaining the equipment.

Job applications are as below.

Construction sites: Concrete demolition, general construction, rock breaking including trenching.

Mines & quarries: Primary breaking and secondary breaking

II. SAFETY PRECAUTION

Please familiarize yourself with the operating instructions and appropriate regulations before starting to work with the hydraulic hammer.

Safety notices in Operation Manual follow ISO and ANSI standard for safety warning.

DANGER

Notices indicate an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, would result in death or serious injury.

Notices indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Notices indicate a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

ATTENTION

Notices in BHI Operation Manuals are an BHI standard to alert the reader to situations which, if not avoided, could result in the equipment damage.

WARNING and BASIC OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS decals are included with each BHI hammer and operation kit. Decals must be installed on the hammer bracket.

1. Safety Decals

	Sticker	Description	Instruction
1		Head wearing, eye protection	Use eye protection
2		Operation Manual Service Manual	Read the manual before use
3		Warn a danger nearby job sites.	Keep away the breaking area while the hammer works
4	Grease Injection	Grease Injection	Inject grease
5	Caution! Pressurized container! Do not open without reading the Operating Manual or Consulting the Service personnel! Use nitrogen gas only! Optimum Pressure : 55-60kg/cm ² (at 20°C)	Caution	Gas Pressurized Container
6	Lifting Point	Lifting	Holder Position

	TOP BRACK		TZLE						
		нк10	нк20	H K30	H K40	H K45	HK 60	H K80	H K130
0	DECAL KITS	D1695100	D2695100	D3695100	D4695100	D5695100	D6695100	D7695100	D8695100
1	CE	D1301200	D2301200	D3301200	D4301200	D5301200	D6301200	D7301200	D8301200
2	MODEL	D1301210	D2301210	D3301210	D4301210	D5301210	D6301210	D7301210	D8301210
3	HYDRORAM	D1301220	D1301220	D1301220	D1301220	D1301220	D1301220	D1301220	D1301220
4	WARNING	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230
5	READING	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240
6	LIFTING	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250
7	CAUTION- for Low P.	D1301260	D1301260	D1301260	D4301260	D4301260	D4301260	D7301260	D4301260
8	CAUTION—for High P.	1	-	_	-	a n a	-		-
9	GREASE INJECTION	D1301280	D1301280	D1301280	D1301280	D1301280	D1301280	D1301280	D1301280
10	AEM MEMBER	DK000530	DK000530	DK000530	DK000530	DK000530	DK000530	DK000530	DK00053
<u> </u>	Model	H K200	НК220	H K250	H K280	HK330	HK 380	H K500	
0	DECAL KITS	D9695100	DA695100	DB695100	DC695100	DD695100	DE695200	DF695100	
1	CE	D9301200	DA301200	DB301200	DC301200	DD301200	DE301200	DF301200	
2	MODEL	D9301210	DA301210	DB301210	DC301210	DD301210	DE301210	DF301210	
3	HYDRORAM	D4301220	D4301220	D4301220	D4301220	D4301220	D4301220	D4301220	
4	WARNING	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	D1301230	
5	READING	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	D1301240	
6	LIFTING	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	D1301250	
7	CAUTION- for Low P.	D4301260	D4301260	D4301260	D7301260	D4301260	D4301260	D4301260	
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D1301280

DK000530

CAUTION-for High P.

GREASE INJECTION

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D9301260

D1301280

DK000530

	ITEM	HK10S	HK20S	HK30S	HK40S	HK45S	HK60S	HK80S	HK130S
0	DECAL KITS	D1695200	D2695200	D3695200	D4695200	D5695200	D6695200	D7695200	D8695200
1	CE	D1301200	D2301200	D3301200	D4301200	D5301200	D6301200	D7301200	D8301200
2	MODEL	D1301210	D2301210	D3301210	D4301210	D5301210	D6301210	D7301210	D8301210
3	HYDRORAM	D1301220	D1301220	D1301220	D4301220	D4301220	D4301220	D7301220	D7301220
4	WARNING	D1301230	D1301230						
5	READING	D1301240	D1301240						
6		D1301250	D1301250						
7	CAUTION- for Low P.	D1301260	D1301260	D1301260	D4301260	D4301260	D4301260	D7301260	D4301260
8	CAUTION-for High P.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	GREASE INJECTION	D1301280	D1301280						
10	AEM MEMBER	DK000530	DK00053						
10	Model	DK000530	DK000530	DK000530 HK250S	DK000530	DK000530 HK330S	DK000530 HK380S	DK000530 HK500S	DK00053
	Model								ркооо53
0	Item DECAL KITS	HK200S	HK220S	HK250S	HK280S	HK330S	HK380S	H K500S	DK00053
0	Model	HK200S D9695200	HK220S DA695200	HK250S DB695200	HK280S DC695200	HK330S DD695200	HK380S D E 695200	HK500S DF695200	DK00053(
0	Model Item DECAL KITS CE	HK200S D9695200 D9301200	HK220S DA695200 DA301200	HK250S DB695200 DB301200	HK280S DC695200 DC301200	HK330S DD695200 DD301200	HK380S DE695200 DE301200	HK500S DF695200 DF301200	DK00053(
0 1 2	Item DECAL KITS CE MODEL	HK200S D9695200 D9301200 D9301210	HK220S DA695200 DA301200 DA301210	HK250S DB695200 DB301200 DB301210	HK280S DC695200 DC301200 DC301210	HK330S DD695200 DD301200 DD301210	HK380S DE695200 DE301200 DE301210	HK500S DF695200 DF301200 DF301210	DK00053
0 1 2 3	Model Item DECAL KITS CE MODEL HYDRORAM	HK200S D9695200 D9301200 D9301210 D7301220	HK220S DA695200 DA301200 DA301210 D7301220	HK250S DB695200 DB301200 DB301210 DB301220	HK280S DC695200 DC301200 DC301210 DB301220	HK330S DD695200 DD301200 DD301210 DB301220	HK380S DE695200 DE301200 DE301210 DB301220	HK500S DF695200 DF301200 DF301210 DB301220	DK00053(
0 1 2 3 4	Model Item DECAL KITS CE MODEL HYDRORAM WARNING	HK200S D9695200 D9301200 D9301210 D7301220 D1301230	HK220S DA695200 DA301200 DA301210 D7301220 D1301230	HK250S DB695200 DB301200 DB301210 DB301220 D1301230	HK280S DC695200 DC301200 DC301210 DB301220 D1301230	HK330S DD695200 DD301200 DD301210 DB301220 D1301230	HK380S DE695200 DE301200 DE301210 DB301220 D1301230	HK500S DF695200 DF301200 DF301210 DB301220 D1301230	DK00053(
0 1 2 3 4 5	Model Item DECAL KITS CE MODEL HYDRORAM WARNING READING	HK200S D9695200 D9301200 D9301210 D7301220 D1301230 D1301240	HK220S DA695200 DA301200 DA301210 D7301220 D1301230 D1301240	HK250S DB695200 DB301200 DB301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240	HK280S DC695200 DC301200 DC301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240	HK330S DD695200 DD301200 DD301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240	HK380S DE695200 DE301200 DE301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240	HK500S DF695200 DF301200 DF301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240	DK00053(
0 1 2 3 4 5 6	Model Item DECAL KITS CE MODEL HYDRORAM WARNING READING LIFTING	HK200S D9695200 D9301200 D9301210 D7301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250	HK220S DA695200 DA301200 DA301210 D7301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250	HK250S DB695200 DB301200 DB301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250	HK280S DC695200 DC301200 DC301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250	HK330S DD695200 DD301200 DD301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250	HK380S DE695200 DE301200 DE301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250	HK500S DF695200 DF301200 DF301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250	DK00053(
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Item DECAL KITS CE MODEL HYDRORAM WARNING READING LIFTING CAUTION- for Low P.	HK200S D9695200 D9301200 D9301210 D7301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250 D4301260	HK220S DA695200 DA301200 DA301210 D7301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250 D4301260	HK250S DB695200 DB301200 DB301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250 D4301260	HK280S DC695200 DC301200 DC301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250 D7301260	HK330S DD695200 DD301200 DD301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250 D4301260	HK380S DE695200 DE301200 DE301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250 D4301260	HK500S DF695200 DF301200 DF301210 DB301220 D1301230 D1301240 D1301250 D4301260	DK00053

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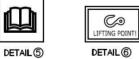
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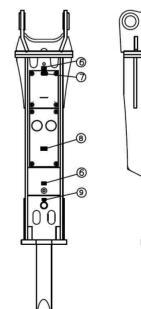
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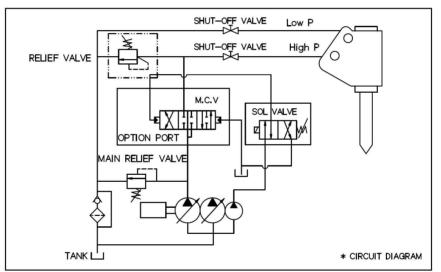


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ATTENTION

2. Installation of Hammer

- 1) When installing the hydraulic hammer, an assistant who must be instructed by the carrier operator is required. All directions and signals, etc. must be understood and agreed on beforehand.
- 2) Only lifting equipment like crane should be used for transporting the hydraulic hammer.
- 3) The hydraulic hammer should be installed to the carrier with sufficient load capacity. If the carrier is too light, it may become unstable and fall over.
- 4) Keep linkage and pin holes clear when installing the hydraulic hammer. Do not touch any parts when the boom is moving. Never use your fingers to check the alignment of the linkage.
- 5) Collect any oil which leaks out and dispose of it correctly.
- 6) Operation of the hydraulic hammer requires the installation of hydraulic pipe lines for exclusive use of the hydraulic hammer.
- 7) The hydraulic system to the carrier must be checked by the authorized service engineer before first operation and after any modifications.



8) After installation of hydraulic pipe lines, check the pressure and oil capacity. Check the relief valve on the hydraulic system, which secures high pressurized accumulator. It must have been approved by the relevant authority. Make sure that the pressure of relief valve has been set correctly, i.e. to the maximum permissible operating pressure of the hydraulic hammer.

Model	Unit	HK10	HK20	HK30	HK40	HK45	НК60	HK80	НК130
Relief		150[2133]	150[2133]	150[2133]	150[2133]	150[2133]	170[2420]	190[2700]	180[2560]
setting	Kg/cm ² [psi]	HK200	HK220	HK250	HK280	HK330	HK380	HK500	-
pressure		200[2845]	210[2985]	210[2985]	210[2985]	210[2895]	210[2895]	210[2985]	-

* The above relief setting pressures are subject to change - efficiency of the pump.

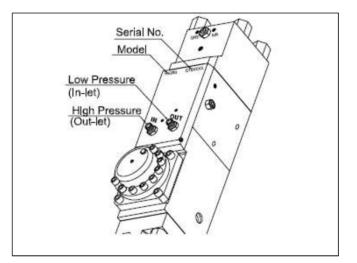
9) Check the connections of the hydraulic hammer and the hammer hoses.

10) The connecting threads must be undamaged and free of sand or similar foreign body.

DANGER

3. Before operation

- 1) Check the level and contamination of hydraulic oil in the hydraulic oil tank of the carri er. In case oil is not sufficient, please fill up the same oil and never mix up oils from di fferent manufacturers. Also if it is contaminated, drain it and fill up with new one.
- 2) Make sure the shut-off valve is completely open.
- 3) Check for looseness of threads of hose, all kinds of bolts and nuts and re-tighten securely.
- 4) Grease the shank bore 5 6 times by the hand grease pump.
- 5) Warm up the engine of carrier for five and ten minutes before hammer operation, especially in winter to reach the oil temperature to 30°C ~ 40°C (86°F~104°F). Optimum oil temperature is 50°C ~ 80°C(122°F~176°F).
- 4. Serial number marking position and Hose connection (High & Low pressure) Left: high pressure(In-let) line, Right: low pressure (Out-let) line



ATTENTION

5. Tool Replacement

- 1) Always wear the protective glasses and helmet when fitting/removing the tool since metal chips may fly off when the retaining bar is hammered out.
- 2) Never use your fingers to check the alignment of the recession in the tool to the oblong holes for the locking bars.

A WARNING

6. Hammer Operation

1) Close the front screen and splinter protection apparatus on the cab to prevent possible injury from flying debris during the hammer operation.

2) In normal operation, the critical cases - the critical noise level of 90 dB(A) is reached or exceeded, the machine operator and any other workers in the noise area must wear personal noise protection gear.

3) The hydraulic hammer should be operated only from the driver's seat and should not be put into operation until both carrier and hammer are in the correct position.

- 4) Shut off the hydraulic hammer immediately if anyone moves in the danger area, which is much larger for hammer operation than for carrier operation due to the risk of flying debris.
- 5) When working with a hydraulic hammer, operation of the carrier is governed by carrier manufacturer's safety regulations.
- 6) The hydraulic hammer is only suitable for the applications described. Never pry with the tools.
- 7) Check the oil temperature constantly to ensure it does not exceed 80°C(168°F). If higher temperatures are measured in the tank, an oil cooler must be fitted.
- 8) Flying debris from the hammer, tool, rock or other material may cause serious or fatal injury to the operator, personal protection equipment must be used.
- 9) When operating the hammer, ear, eye and breast protection appliance must be used at all time.
- 10) Do not operate the hammer in the underwater and mud without proper equipment.
- 11) Stop the engine before attempting to make any repairs, adjustment or servicing to either the carrier or the hammer.
- 12) Do not operate the carrier if you are under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- 13) Remove hammer from carrier before the transport.
- 14) Before leaving the carrier, always lower the boom and insure the carrier is stable.
- 15) Never leave the carrier with the engine running.

WARNING Danger of Explosion

- . N2 gas cylinder should be used for charging gas into the accumulator and head cap.
- . Release all pressure prior to servicing or disassembly.
- . Do not open without reading the Manual or consulting the authorized service man! Unauthorized repair work on the accumulator is forbidden. Defective accumulators must be replaced.
- . All accumulators are subjected to recurring tests by experts, at the latest after 5 years.

ACAUTION

All hydraulic oil brands used in the carrier units are suitable for operating. The use of other hydraulic fluids is only permissible after consulting with our service station. In summer and in regions with high temperatures, it is recommended that oils with a viscosity of category H-LP 36 or higher be used. At temperature lower than -20°C(-4°F), the hydraulic hammer should not be put into operation.

ATTENTION

Apply grease at least once a day. Grease the tool bit at least every 2 or 3 hours more often if the tool becomes dry or material is extremely dusty or abrasive, using hand grease pump. Pump 5 - 10 times. When changing tool, clean and grease the shank bore. Insufficient greasing may cause abnormal wear of the tool holder bushing and tool, and tool breakage.

Injury or death can result from improper operation or maintenance. Please read and understand this Operation Manual!!!

ATTENTION Preserve the environment !!!

When dispose of the waste Hydraulic Hammers, obey all local, state of federal regulation

for the industrial waste.

III. WARRANTY

Warranty period is six(6) month. Below parts are wear parts. These parts are not covered by the warranty.

Wear parts : Diaphragm, backup ring, buffer ring, o-ring, round bushing, stop pin, spring pin, tool holder bushing, retainer pin, tool, seal kit sets.

The change of warranty condition is possible by individual contract, but it should be confirmed in writing by BHI in advance.

ATTENTION

1. The followings are not covered by warranty.

- Normal wear and tear of the hammer and any part thereof
- Failure, damage or defective condition due to:
- overloading, negligence or improper installation, use or operation which is not accordance with BHI's published instructions or its authorized distributors:
- improper repair, alteration or adjustment made to BHI hammer or its parts:

BHI

BHI

- use of unauthorized parts, fluids or tools:
- corrosion or failure to protect from adverse environmental conditions.
- faulty or improper condition of the carrier on which the BHI hammer was installed:

ATTENTION

2. After installation of the Hydraulic Hammer

After installing the Hydraulic Hammer, make sure if it is installed correctly and a copy of Delivery Record with all signature should be mailed back to BHI.

When it is not done and hammer is broken down, we are going to charge for the needed parts.

ATTENTION

3. During under warranty

In case during under warranty you have problem with your hammer, the claim application under warranty form should be filled out and mailed to BHI.



Website : www.bhice.com

Best Hammer Industries

5-91, Daepoong-ri, Daeso-myun, Eumsung-kun Choongbook-do, Korea Tel: (82-43) 532 - 1370~1, Fax:(82-43)532-1372 E mail: qa@bhice.com

DELIVERY RECORD

То:		
	Address:	
Distributor:	Address:	
-	Address:	
Model of Hammer:	Serial No.:	Delivery Date:
Model of Carrier:		
Normal :	llowing items: Symbol for inspection V, Clean :C, Adjust :A, Disassem ., Repair :M, Replace :R, Tighten	oly :D, Refill gas :G
1. Hammer body:	 Accumulator gas pressure Head cap gas pressure tool Holder lubrication Rubber plugs 	 Operating pressure Operating sound Oil leakage
2. Bracket Frame:	□ Bolt looseness	\Box Pins lubrication
3. Piping:	Tightening of fittingsOil leakage	 Fully opened shut-off valve Relief valve set pressure
4. Controls:	 Adjustment of control cable Engine throttle lever position 	
5. Carrier pump:	□ Characteristics	Performance
6. Hydraulic oil:	Quantity of oilContamination	□ Deterioration
7. Standard tools:	Quantity	
8. Manuals:	\Box Operation manual & Parts list	

B. Instructed proper operation and maintenance procedures.

The owner's signature below acknowledges that the hammer above mentioned was delivered to him in a satisfactory condition and he has received proper instruction about the operation and maintenance.

Purchaser signature: _____Date: _____Date: _____Date: _____Date: _____





Best Hammer Industries

5-91, Daepoong-ri, Daeso-myun, Eumsung-kun Choongbook-do, Korea Tel: (82-43) 532 - 1370~1, Fax:(82-43)532-1372 E mail: qa@bhice.com

Website : www.bhice.com

CLAIM APPLICATION UNDER WARRANTY

- 1. Model & Serial No. :
- 2. Date of Installation :
- 3. Carrier:

1) Manufacturer & Model		
2) Oil supply(gpm)	3) Working Pressure	
4) Return Pressure	5) Relief setting	

To insure efficient operation, it is essential that complete and proper hydraulic adjustments have been verified at the time of the installation. Refer to your operation manual for the methods of performing these tests and record the readings that you find on this card. Failure to supply this information or to use BHI parts and tools may result in forfeiture of warranty coverage.

Dealer name: Address:	Cus	tomer's name and	address:	
Completed by:	Cor	npleted by:		
<u>Dealer</u>	Cus	<u>tomer</u>		
	Cus	tomer's Signature	 Date	
	Dat	e of repair:		
	Par	ts used for repair:		
Dealer's Signature Date		Part No.	Part Name	Q'ty
	1			
Details of Failure:	2			
	3			

1. Standard Specifications

1) Top Mounting Bracket (TB Type)

Model	Unit	НК10	НК20	НК30	HK40	HK45	НК60	HK80	HK130
Recommended	tons	1.0~2.5	1.7~3.2	2.5~3.8	2.8~4.5	3.5~6	6~13	10~16	12~20
Carrier	US tons	1.1~2.8	1.9~3.5	2.8~4.2	3.1~5	3.9~6.6	6.6~14.3	11~18	13.2~22
Impact Energy Class	ft.lbs	250	350	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,000	3,000
Impact Frequency	b.p.m	700 ~1,200	600 ~1,200	600~ 1,200	440 ~1,200	400 ~1,200	440 ~850	450 ~750	410 ~700
Working Weight	kg [lbs]	120 [265]	140 [310]	175 [385]	300 [660]	345 [760]	525 [1,160]	870 [1,910]	1,300 [2860]
Oil Flow	lpm [gpm]	20~40 [5.3 ~10.6]	25~45 [6.6 ~11.8]	30~45 [8 ~12]	30~50 [8 ~13]	40~70 [10.6 ~18.5]	45~80 [12 ~21.1]	80~110 [21.1 ~29.1]	110~150 [29.1 ~39.6]
Operating Pressure	bar [psi]	90~120 [1,305 ~1,740]	90~120 [1,305 ~1,740]	100~130 [1,450 ~1,885]	100~130 [1,450 ~1,885]	100~130 [1,450 ~1,885]	130~150 [1,885 ~2,175]	150~170 [2,175 ~2,465]	150~170 [2,175 ~2,465]
Tool Diameter	mm [inch]	45 [1.77]	53 [2.08]	58 [2.28]	68 [2.67]	75 [2.95]	90 [3.54]	100 [3.94]	120 [4.72]
Overall Length	mm [inch]	1,155 [45.4]	1,295 [51]	1,495 [58.8]	1,610 [63.3]	1,790 [70.4]	1,835 [72.2]	2,345 [92.3]	2,600 [102.3]
Hose Diameter	inch	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1
85 dB(A) Radius	meter	6~8	7~9	7~10	9~13	10~15	15~18	15~19	15~21

* Specifications may be changed without prior notice.

* Operating Weight : Working Weight (Including Tool and Mounting bracket).

* When you want to install on the incorrect carrier which is beyond our recommended range, you must consult it with an authorized technical staff. If not, the hammer may have major problems.

1. Standard Specifications

1) Top Mounting Bracket (TB Type)

Model	Unit	НК200	HK220	HK250	HK280	HK330	HK380	НК500
Recommended	tons	18~25	20~28	22~30	25~35	29~36	34~45	40~65
Carrier	US tons	19.8~27.5	22~30.8	24.2~33	30.8~38.5	31.9~39.6	37.4~49.5	44~71.5
Impact Energy Class	ft.lbs	4,800	5,000	7,000	8,000	10,000	11,000	13,000
Impact Frequency	b.p.m	360~600	370~460	300~450	320~400	250~400	220~380	250~350
Working Weight	kg [lbs]	1,780 [3,920]	1,800 [3,960]	2,310 [5,080]	2,710 [5,960]	3,010 [6,620]	3,320 [7,304]	4,028 [8,860]
Oil Flow	lpm [gpm]	100~135 [26.4~35.7]	120~180 [31.7~47.6]	140~190 [37~50.2]	170~240 [44.9~63.4]	180~250 [47.6~66]	210~290 [55.5~76.6]	240~320 [63.4~84.5]
Operating Pressure	bar [psi]	150~180 [2,175 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]
Tool Diameter	mm [inch]	135 [5.31]	138 [5.43]	145 [5.7]	155 [6.1]	158 [6.22]	170 [6.69]	180 [7.09]
Overall Length	mm [inch]	2,875 [113.2]	2,810 [110.6]	2,980 [117.3]	3,225 [127]	3,310 [130.3]	3,410 [134.2]	3,600 [141.7]
Hose Diameter	inch	1	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$
85 dB(A) Radius	meter	17~22	17~22	19~25	20~24	30~33	33~37	33~37

* Specifications may be changed without prior notice.

* Operating Weight : Working Weight (Including Tool and Mounting bracket).

* When you want to install on the incorrect carrier which is beyond our recommended range, you must consult it with an authorized technical staff. If not, the hammer may have major problems.

1. Standard Specifications

2) Box Housing Bracket (BH Type)

Model	Unit	HK10S	HK20S	HK30S	HK40S	HK45S	HK60S	HK80S	HK130S
Recommended	tons	1.0~2.5	1.7~3.2	2.5~3.8	2.8~4.5	3.5~6	6~13	10~16	12~20
Carrier	US tons	1.1~2.8	1.9~3.5	2.8~4.2	3.1~5	3.9~6.6	6.6~14.3	11~18	13.2~22
Impact Energy Class	ft.lbs	250	350	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,000	3,000
Impact Frequency	b.p.m	700~1,200	600~1,200	600~1,200	440~1,200	400~1,200	440~850	450~750	410~700
Working Weight	kg [lbs]	125 [275]	155 [340]	195 [430]	300 [660]	355 [780]	540 [1,190]	890 [1,960]	1,300 [2,860]
Oil Flow	lpm [gpm]	20~40 [5.3~10.6]	25~45 [6.6~11]	30~45 [8~12]	30~50 [8~13]	40~70 [10.6 ~18.5]	45~80 [12 ~21.1]	80~110 [21.1 ~29.1]	110~150 [29.1 ~39.6]
Operating Pressure	bar [psi]	90~120 [1,305 ~1,740]	90~120 [1,305 ~1,740]	100~130 [1,450 ~1,885]	100~130 [1,450 ~1,885]	100~130 [1,450 ~1,885]	130~150 [1,885 ~2,175]	150~170 [2,175 ~2,465]	150~170 [2,175 ~2,465]
Tool Diameter	mm [inch]	45 [1.77]	53 [2.08]	58 [2.28]	68 [2.67]	75 [2.95]	90 [3.54]	100 [3.94]	120 [4.72]
Overall Length	mm [inch]	1,155 [45.4]	1,300 [51]	1,495 [58.9]	1,600 [63]	1,795 [70.7]	1,830 [72]	2,395 [94.3]	2,695 [106.1]
Hose Diameter	inch	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1
85 dB(A) Radius	meter	5~7	6~8	6~8	8~11	9~13	13~17	13~19	14~20

* Specifications may be changed without prior notice.

- * Operating Weight : Working Weight (Including Tool and Mounting bracket).
- * When you want to install on the incorrect carrier which is beyond our recommended range, you must consult it with an authorized technical staff. If not, the hammer may have major problems.

1. Standard Specifications

2) Box Housing Bracket (BH Type)

		-			_		-	
Model	Unit	HK200S	HK220S	HK250S	HK280S	HK330S	HK380S	HK500S
Recommended	tons	18~25	20~28	22~30	28~35	29~36	34~45	40~65
Carrier	US tons	19.8~27.5	22~30.8	24.2~33	30.8~38.5	31.9~39.6	37.4~49.5	44~71.5
Impact Energy Class	ft.lbs	4,800	5,000	7,000	8,000	10,000	11,000	13,000
lmpact Frequency	b.p.m	360~600	370~460	300~450	320~400	250~400	220~380	250~350
Working Weight	kg [lbs]	1,850 [4,070]	1,900 [4,180]	2,350 [5,170]	2,780 [6,120]	3,025 [6,655]	3,250 [7,150]	3,960 [8,118]
Oil Flow	lpm [gpm]	100~135 [26.4~35.7]	120~180 [31.7~47.6]	140~190 [37~50.2]	170~240 [44.9~63.4]	180~250 [47.6~66]	210~290 [55.5~76.6]	240~320 [63.4~84.5]
Operating Pressure	bar [psi]	150~180 [2,175 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]	160~180 [2,320 ~2,610]
Tool Diameter	mm [inch]	135 [5.31]	138 [5.43]	145 [5.7]	155 [6.1]	158 [6.22]	170 [6.69]	180 [7.09]
Overall Length	mm [inch]	2800 [110]	2895 [114]	2945 [116]	3255 [128]	3295 [130]	3430 [135]	3655 [144]
Hose Diameter	inch	1	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{4}$
85 dB(A) Radius	meter	17~22	15~19	15~19	17~22	27~34	32~37	32~37

* Specifications may be changed without prior notice.

* Operating Weight : Working Weight (Including Tool and Mounting bracket).

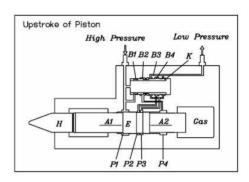
* When you want to install on the incorrect carrier which is beyond our recommended range, you must consult it with an authorized technical staff. If not, the hammer may have major problems.

2. Principles of Operation

The relation between the area(A2) affecting the pressure from the upper chamber of the piston and the area(A1) affecting the pressure from the lower chamber of the piston is A2>A1 and high pressure applies to A1. When A2 changes from high to low pressure or vice versa, piston (E) reciprocates. Inside of head cap is charged with the high pressure N2 gas and gas energy stored in the upstroke of the piston (E) effectively acts on the piston (E) during the impact.

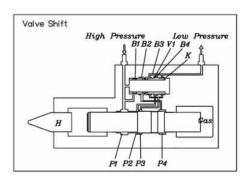
1) Upstroke of Piston

As high pressure always applies to A1 and A2 changes to low pressure, the force affects the Piston(E) upward until it reaches Cylinder Converting Port(P2). While Piston(E) moves upward, it is compressing the gas contained in the head cap chamber. As high applies to Valve High Pressure pressure and Valve Converting Port(B1.B2) Port(B4) converts to low pressure, Valve(K) remains in the down position.



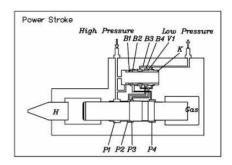
2) Valve Shift

When the area (A1) of the lower chamber of the Piston(E) reaches to the chamber of the Cylinder Converting Port(P2), the chamber of the Cylinder Converting Port becomes and remains high pressure. Cylinder Converting Port(P2) communicates with Valve Converting Port(B4) and delivers the high pressure oil. When the area(V1) of the Valve Converting Port(B4) applies to high pressure, Valve(K) moves upward and shifts. Then Valve High Pressure Port(B2) communicates with Upper Port(P4) of the Piston and oil being pressurized is admitted to Upper Chamber of the Piston.



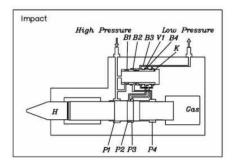
3) Power Stroke

The difference of the area A1<A2 makes the Piston(E) move downward until Cylinder P2 Port communicates with P3 Port. When the Piston(E) comes down, its descending speed is accelerated by the pressure of gas in the Upper Chamber of the Piston.

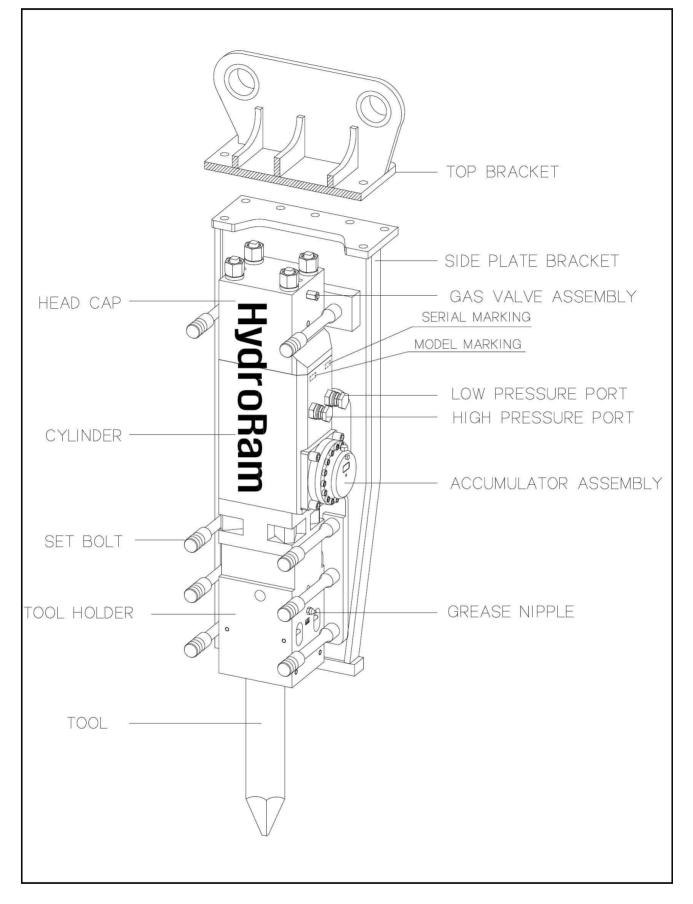


4) Impact

Kinetic energy obtained by the Piston during the power stroke is transmitted to the tool(H) and then impact energy required to break is transmitted to the rock. After that, Piston starts to move upward again.

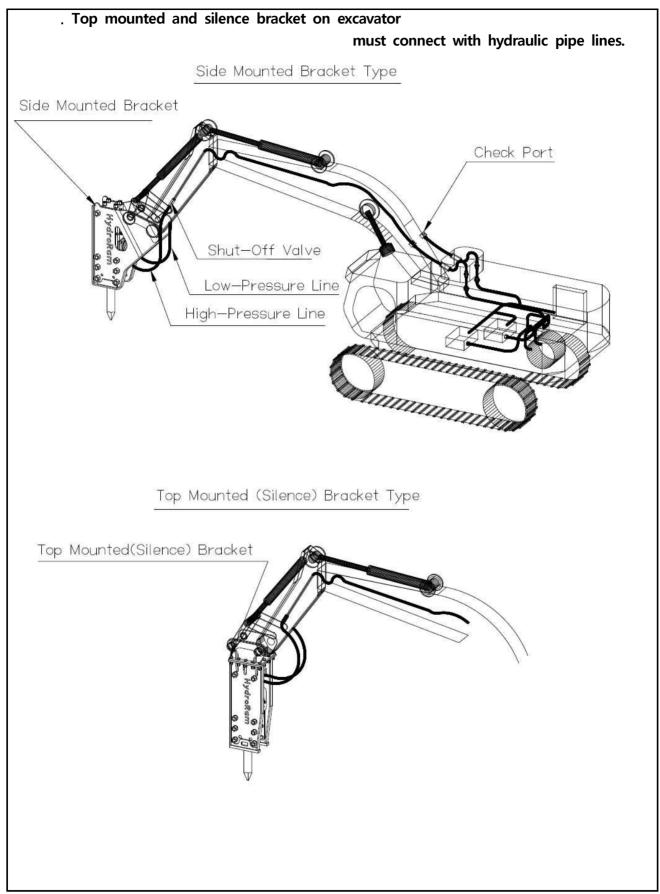


- B1 : Valve High Pressure Port
 B2 : Valve High Pressure Chamber
 B3 : Valve Low Pressure Port
 B4 : Valve Converting Port
 V1 : Valve Converting Area
 Gas : N2 gas Chamber
 K : Valve
- P1: Cylinder High Pressure Port
- P2: Cylinder Converting Port
- P3: Cylinder Low Pressure Port
- P4: Upper Port of the Piston
- H: Tool
- E: Piston



3. External Dimension - Power cell and Top Bracket

4. Construction - Excavator & Hammer Bracket



5. Torque Chart

[Units: kg.m/N.m]

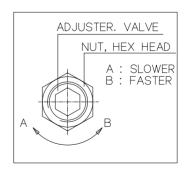
Part Name	Model	Torque	Part Name	Model	Torque	Part Name	Model	Torque
	НК10	30/294		HK10	30/294		НК10	30/294
-	HK20	30/394	-	HK20	30/394		HK20	30/294
-	HK30	35/343		HK30	35/343	-	HK30	28/274
-	HK40	40/392		HK40	40/392		HK40	28/274
-	HK45	50/490		HK45	40/392		HK45	28/274
-	HK60	55/539		HK60	40/392		HK60	28/274
-	HK80	150/1471		HK80	150/1471	Hex Head	HK80	70/686
Tension	HK130	150/1471		HK130	150/1471	Bolt	HK130	130/127
Bolt	HK200	189/1853	Set Bolt	HK200	250/2452	(Mounting Bolt)	HK200	130/127
-	HK210	225/2207		HK210	250/2452		HK210	70/686
-	HK220	280/2746		HK220	250/2452		HK220	130/127
-	HK250	350/3432		HK250	330/3236		HK250	230/225
	HK280	400/3923		HK280	400/3923		HK280	230/225
-							HK330	230/225
-	HK330	400/3923		HK330	400/3923		HK380	230/225
	HK380	350/3432		HK380	370/3630		HK500	220/225
	HK500	480/4707		HK500	400/3923		HK500	230/225
-	HK200	35/343		HK200	100/980		All	
-	HK210 HK220	35/343 35/343		HK210	100/980	Gas Valve		30/294
Accumulator	HK250	32/314			100/900		Model	
Cover Bolt	HK280	32/314		HK220	100/980		HK200	85/83
	HK330	32/314	Accumulator	HK250	100/980	-		-
	HK380	60/590	Assembly		-		HK220	85/83
ŀ	HK500	85/835	Bolt	HK280	100/980	Middle Block	HK250	85/83
Main Valve	HK200	35/343		HK330	100/980	Bolt	HK280	85/83
Bolt		55/5-55					HK330	370/363
Grease	All	10/98		HK380	100/980		HK380	400/392
Nipple	Model	10/30		HK500	170/1667		HK500	400/392

6. Blow Speed Control

- 1) Standard turn initially set at the factory means turning the adjuster counterclockwise after being completely locked.
- 2) Initial (standard) turn [Initial turn/(Total turn)]

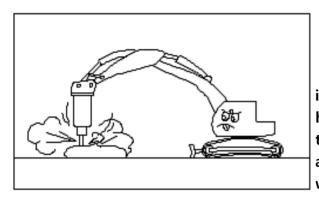
Model	HK130	НК200	HK220	HK250	HK280	HK330	HK380	HK500
Turn	2/(12)	2/(12)	2/(10)	2/(10)	2/(11)	2/(14)	2/(11)	2/(12)

- In case faster speed is needed than basic turn, B direction => turn it counterclockwise
- In case of slower than basic turn,
 - A direction => turn it clockwise



V. OPERATION AND HANDLING OF HYDRAULIC HAMMER

1. Hammer



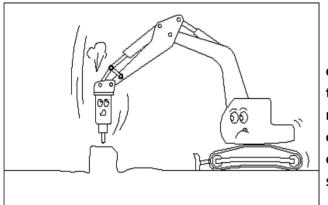
ATTENTION

1) Proper Positioning

The hammer must be positioned

perpendicular to the material. It is especially important to follow this rule when using the hydraulic hammer so that it can correctly test the hardness of the material. If it is improperly aligned, it could respond as though it was working in light material and remain in a high

frequency, low impact mode. When it is properly aligned, it selects best frequency impact combination for maximum performance with that material at that particular time. When installing a new Hammer, it is recommended that the Hammer is run in vertical position at about 250~300 blow per minute for one hour. Also after 10 minutes working start is recommended. During that time avoid Hammering in inclined condition. If the frequency is fast, the impact is low. If the frequency is slow, the impact is high.



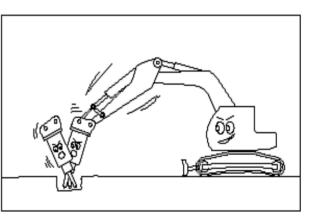
2) Applied Pressure

All hammers must have sufficient pressure against the tool to allow the transmission of energy, or the shock wave to flow through the tool to the material being broken. As the tool moves through the material, applied pressure is continuously adjusted by using a combination of the boom, dipper and attachment controls so that the hammer follows the tool.

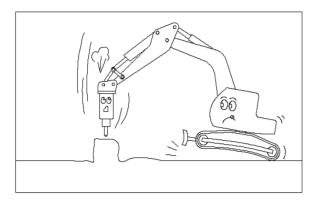
ACAUTION

Applied Pressure Must be Correct

If applied pressure is insufficient, the tool will dance around on the material rather than sending energy into the rock. When this happens, impact created by the piston is not transmitted to the rock as a shock wave but is absorbed by the hammer and excavator causing abnormal structural fatigue.



- 21 -

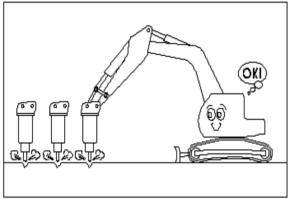


Applied pressure should not lift the carrier high off the ground. As the hammer breaks through the material, the excavator will drop suddenly and harmful shock loads will be transmitted to the tool, power cell and excavator. If the hammer is too heavy for the carrier, the resulting damage will be worse. So it is important to proper size of the hammer to the carrier.

3) Secondary Breakage of Boulders

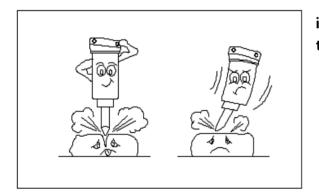
ATTENTION

" Short Bursts = Better Production = Long Tool Life "



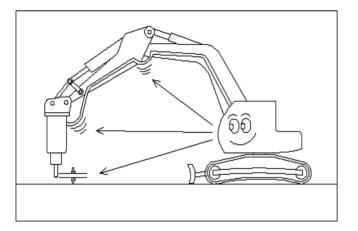
When breaking large rocks, do not attempt to break them from the center. It is more efficient if breaking is done from the edge. Take small bits and do not work on one spot for more than 30 seconds. This method will increase your productivity and cause less wear and tear on your equipment.

4) Surface Rock Demolition



Do not try to break too much at one time. It is wiser to start from the edge and work towards the center.

Stop Immediately When <u>.The Hydraulic Hoses Jerk Violently.</u>



Abnormal surging means the nitrogen accumulator is empty. Stop the hammer immediately and repair the accumulator.

.The Tool Does Not Drop.

If the visible length of the tool does not change, it usually means the tool has seized in the bushing. Remove the tool and check the bushing. If obvious signs of seizing

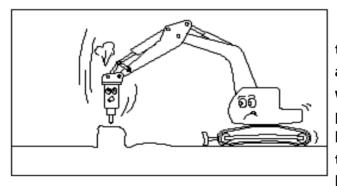
are present, remove the marks from the tool and bushing or replace as necessary. Then clean and lubricate the shank for installation of the tool.

. Tension Bolt is Loose Or Broken.

Tighten it properly or replace it. You can tell if it is broken or loose by tapping on the bolt and listening for a distinctive high pitched sound.

ATTENTION

2. Rules to Remember

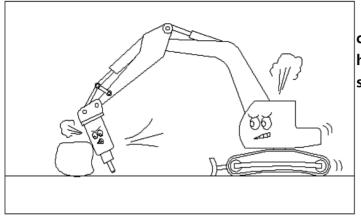


1) Avoid Blank Hammering At All Times.

If this happens, the piston will strike the tool shank with full impact, forcing the tool against the retainers and causing premature wear and failure to the tool, tool retainers, piston, chuck housing, tension bolts and the hammer itself. And since there is no material to absorb the energy, the shock waves will bounce back up the tool, meeting other waves

coming down the tool in violent collisions. These collisions create a disorganized mass of energy, causing extensive wear and tear to the tool and other hammer components.

2) Never Use A Hammer For Activities For Which It Was Not Designed.

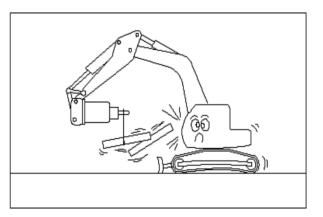


Insure your hammer features this capacity are normally fitted with a rock hook or some type of protective structure around the chuck housing.

3) Do not use the tool or hammer

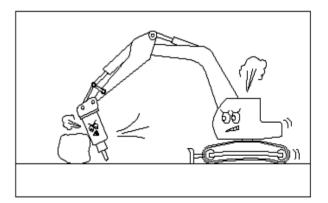
space as a lifting device.

Not only this is dangerous, but also it can cause damage to the hammer, tool and bushings.

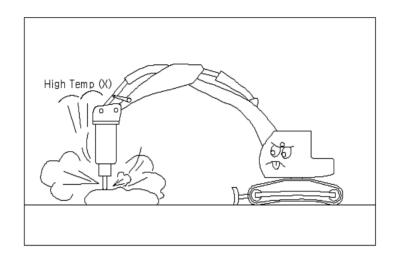


4) Do Not Pry Under Any Circumstances.

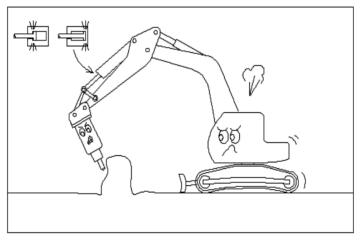
Prying is the most common cause of tool breakage. It also causes damage to other hammer components as well as reducing productivity. Prying inhibits of the shock wave through the tool and creates heat buildup in the bushing area.

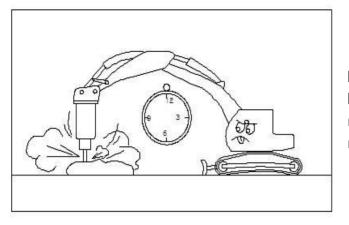


After the carrier is warmed up, suspend the hammer in the air (with the tool extended) to activate the automatic stop. Activate the control to circulate the oil and warm the hammer. Warm the tool bit by operating at slow speeds for five to ten minutes. During extremely low temperatures, store the tool inside.



<u>6) Do Not Allow Cylinders To Reach The End Of Their Stroke</u> They will not endure the hammer vibrations in this position.





7) <u>Never Let The Hammer Strike On The</u> <u>Same Spot More Than 30 Seconds.</u>

Even 30 seconds can be too long for large Hammers. Working in one spot too long causes heat buildup in the tool, resulting in loss of tool strength and wear resistance.

8) Moves The Tool to New Positions Often.

A power can build up under the tool and dampen the shock wave travelling through the tool and into the material. Move the tool often to avoid this effect.

<u>9) Do not immerse the hammer into water or mud.</u>

When components except tool are immersed in water and mud, piston and other components may be rusted and become damaged at an early stage.

A WARNING

* For under water operation, please contact us.(option)

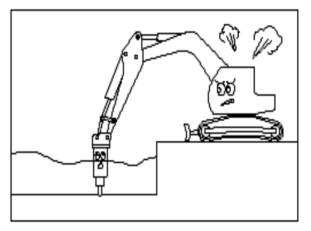
10) Do not touch the tool and hammer body.

During hydraulic hammer operation, it can reach high temperatures.

A WARNING

11) Do not open Accumulator bolt

Accumulator is a high pressurized N2 gas container.



ATTENTION

- 3. Operator's routine maintenance
 - 1) Lubrication

Grease the tool and bushings every two to four hours of operation, more than often in dusty or severe conditions, with five to ten pumps of good quality, high temperature grease.

ATTENTION

- 2) Inspection Points:
 - (1) Visual Inspection.

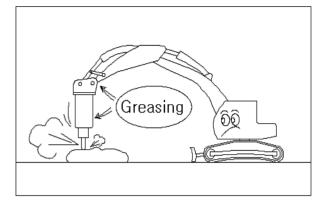
Check welds for possible cracks on the bracket cap, rear, tool and boom.

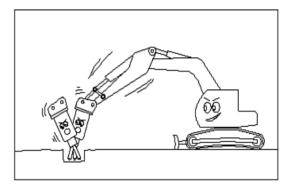
- (2) Check for loose nuts and bolts.
- (1) In the bracket cap
- (2) In the charging valve
- (3) In the accumulator
- (4) In the side plates
- (5) In the tool holder pin
- (3) The tool retainer pins

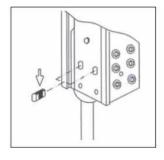
When replacing tool retainer pins always replace them in sets and rotate then equally.

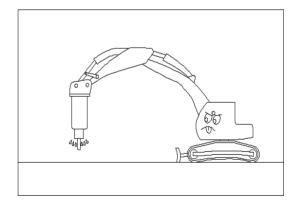
(4) Excessive oil leakage down the tool

This is an indication of worn or damaged seals that need to be replaced.









ACAUTION

- 4. Periodic Maintenance (Every 100 hours)
 - 1) Remove the tool and all grease from the tool holder bushing

Do not use a pressure washer, steam, or solvents as they damage the seals. Check for chips or cracks inside the housing and on the bushing surfaces. Cracks and chips could indicate that:

- (1) Lubrication is insufficient
- (2) Grease type is not appropriate
- (3) Blank hammering and side loading is occurring and hammer is being operated improperly.
- 2) Check wear on tool pin

Examine the shoulders and side surface. If they are worn or deformed, rotate or replace as required.

3) Check wear on tool holder bushing

Replace tool, tool holder Bushing or both where the combined wear exceeds 5mm. Some Bushings are grooved to provide even grease distribution. Replace the Bushings when the grooves are worn through. Excess tool holder Bushing wear causes tool misalignment to the piston, causing premature hammer failure.

4) Replace damaged or worn parts

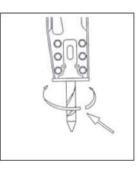
Then wipe all components clean, including the lubrication port. Hand grease the tool shank and inside the chuck bushings before placing it back into the hammer.

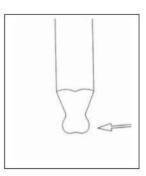
- 5. Factors of Tool Life
 - 1) The type of work (Twisting action)

Breaking reinforced concrete, for instance, is more detrimental to tool than concrete without rebar. Twisting action caused by the flat edge of the tool against the tool and retainers.

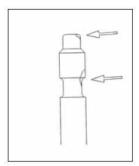
2) The type of rock

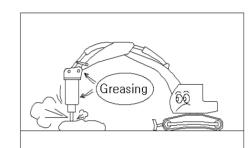
A particularly abrasive rock will wear the tool out faster than less abrasive material. Certain types of rock turn to powder which cushions the impact. This could cause the tool to overheat and mushroom.





<u>3) Blank hammering</u> will chip tool on the top and in the retainer area. These chops accelerate wear and tear on the tool, retainer pins, round Bushing, and the piston.





4) Proper lubrication at all times.

Lack of lubrication will increase the temperature in the bushings and tool shank which ultimately causes deterioration of these components.

ATTENTION

- COMMON TOOL ABUSE
 - . Side loading
 - . Improper warm-up
 - . Untrained operator
 - . Heat build-up from working in one spot.
 - . Rapid cooling by submersing in water.
 - . Excessive wear on bushings and retainers
 - . Machine movement
 - . Blank hammering
 - . Prying
 - . Drilling
 - . Tool deflection

ATTENTION

♦ Replacement of Tool: When a tool bit is worn out, it is liable to slip. Then, sharpen the tip. But when grinding the tip many times to sharpen the edge, the hardened surface layer wo uld cut off and it makes the rod to be worn out rapidly. When the difference gap between t ool holder and tool holder bushing is over 6 mm, then replace tool holder together with the tool.

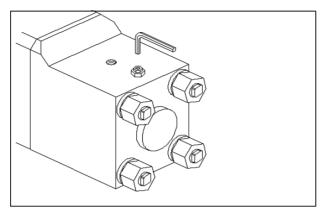
REPLACEMENT OF TOOL

. Put the steel bar into the hole of stop pin and hit the stop pin on the opposite side by hammer.

- . Use the steel bar and hit the retainer pin on the opposite side by hammer.
- . Push out both of the retainer pins by hammering and pick out tool. The tool is heavy, so c areful attention is required.
- . Reverse disassembly procedures to install a replacement of the tool.

A WARNING

- 6. N₂ gas pressure maintenance
 - 1) Inspection of $N_2 Gas$ Pressure Inside Head Cap (same as the Accumulator)
 - (1) Remove the cap from the gas valve.



- (2) Turn the handle of gas charging adapter counterclockwise until it stops.
- (3) Connect the gas charging adapter with gas valve.
- (4) Fix the cap of gas charging adapter after turning it clockwise.
- (5) Turn the handle, so that gas pressure inside head cap is indicated
- on the pressure gauge.

ATTENTION

- . Gas pressure changes according to the position of the tool. Lay down the hammer and let the tool extend fully.
- . If it is not optimum gas pressure, it should be set according to the chart as below.

DANGER

♦ Head cap & Accumulator Optimum Nitrogen Gas Pressure [kg/(m²(psi), at20°C(68°F)]

Mode	НК10	НК20	НКЗ	0 1	IK40	н	K45	ł	HK60	HK80	
Head Cap	15~18 (213~256	15~18) (213~25		-	7~18 2~256)			17~18 (242~256)		16~17 (228~242)	
Model	HK130	HK200	HK220	HK250	нк	280	HK33	0	HK380	НК500	
Head Cap	17~18 (242~256)	8.2 (116)	17~18 (242~256)	17~18 (242~25	-	~17 ~242)	17~12 (242~2	-	17~18 (242~256	17~18 5) (242~256)	
Accumulator	-	55~60 (782~852)	55~60 (782~852)	55~60 (782~85		~60 ~852)	55~6 (782~8	-	55~60 (782~852	55~60 2) (782~852)	

2) Removal of gas charging adapter

- (1) Turn the handle of gas charging adapter counter clockwise until it stops.
- (2) Unscrew the cap and release the gas inside the gas charging adapter.
- (3) Remove the gas charging adapter from the gas valve and fit the cap of gas valve.
- 3) How to set the gas pressure
 - (1) If you loosen the cap slowly after taking the above procedures, the gas pressure will become lower. Tighten the cap at the optimum pressure.
 - (2) Next procedures are same as removal procedures of gas charging adapter.
- 4) Filling N₂Gas

Take the following procedures after of Inspection of N₂gas pressure inside head cap mentioned above.

- (1) Connect the charging hose to N₂gas cylinder.
- (2) Remove the cap of the gas charging adapter and connect to charging hose. Turn the handle clockwise to tighten.

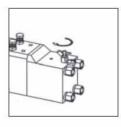




(3) Open the main value of gas charging cylinder counterclockwise to reach the pressure gauge to optimum pressure. Close the cap clockwise to stop the gas filling.



(5) Open the main valve of gas charging cylinder slowly counterclockwise again to refill the gas up to optimum gas pressure, reading the gauge indicator. (4) Turn the handle of gas charging adapter clockwise and stop when the pressure gauge indicator moves.



(6) When the optimum gas pressure is obtained, close the main valve of gas charging cylinder by screwing clockwise. Also turn the handle of gas charging adapter counterclockwise not to leak out. Remove the gas charging adapter finally. 5) Inspection of accumulator

If there is a big tremor on the hose of high pressure line, it means that accumulator does not work. Stop the operation and inspect the accumulator.

Pressurized container! Do not open without reading the Operation Manual or consulting the authorized service personnel!

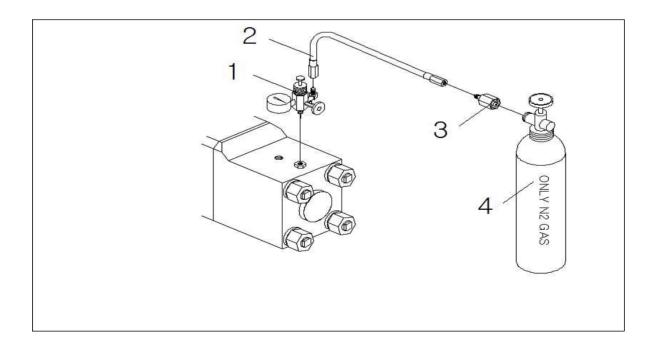
ATTENTION

7. Nitrogen Gas Charging Pressures Table

Depend upon AMBIENT Temperature

1) N2 GAS CHARGING KITS PART LIST

No	Part No	Part Name	Qʻty	Remarks
0	D4698000		1	НК10~НК60
0	DA698000	N ₂ GAS CHARGING KITS	1	HK80~HK500
1	13105900	N_2 GAS 3-WAY VALVE ASSEMBLY	1	
2	16802000	N ₂ HOSE	1	
3	13105910	N ₂ COUPLING KIT	1	
	13105930			НК10~НК60
4	13105920	N ₂ GAS CYLINDER	1	HK80~HK500



M Ten	odel	НК10~ НК30	HK80, HK280	HK200	HK40,HK45,HK60, HK130,HK220,HK250, HK330,HK380,HK500	НК10~ НК30	HK80, HK280	HK200	H K 40, H K 45, H K 60, H K 130, H K 220, H K 250, H K 330, H K 380, H K 500	
°C	۴			PSI		kg/cm² (≒bar)				
70	158	238~285	285~303	132~148	303~321	16.7~20.1	20.1~21.3	9.1~10.2	21.3~22.6	
60	140	233~279	277~294	128~144	294~312	16.4~19.7	19.5~20.7	8.8~9.9	20.7~21.9	
50	122	228~273	269~286	123~139	286~302	16.0~18.8	18.9~20.1	8.5~9.6	20.1~21.2	
40	104	223~267	260~277	119~135	277~293	15.7~18.8	18.3~19.4	8.2~9.3	19.4~20.6	
30	86	218~261	252~268	115~130	268~284	15.3~18.4	17.7~18.8	7.9~9.0	18.8~19.9	
20	68	213~256	227~241	112~126	241~256	15.0~18.0	16.0~17.0	7.7~8.7	17.0~18.0	
10	50	208~249	219~232	107~120	232~246	14.6~17.6	15.4~16.3	7.4~8.3	16.3~17.3	
0	32	203~243	210~224	103~116	224~237	14.3~17.1	14.8~15.7	7.1~8.0	15.7~16.6	
-10	14	198~237	202~215	99~113	215~227	13.9~16.7	14.2~15.1	6.8~7.8	15.1~16.0	
-20	-4	193~231	194~206	94~104	206~218	13.6~16.3	13.6~14.5	6.5~7.2	14.5~15.3	

2) Head Cap Part (Low Pressure)

3) Accumulator Part (High Pressure)

Temp Model		HK200 ~ HK500				
°C	°F	PSI	kg/cm²			
70	158	925~1009	65.1~71.0			
60	140	896~978	63.1~69.0			
50	122	868~947	61.0~66.6			
40	104	839~915	59.0~64.4			
30	86	810~884	57.0~62.2			
20	68	782~852	55.0~60.0			
10	50	753~822	53.0~57.8			
0	32	724~790	51.0~55.6			
-10	14	696~759	49.0~53.4			
-20	-4	667~728	47.0~51.2			

8. Maintenance of oil filter

Contaminated oil results in malfunctions of the hammer as well as carrier and cause damage to parts. Pay special attention to oil contamination.

Contaminated oil should be changed without delay. When changing oil, thoroughly wash oil tank, cylinder and pipes. Cleaning or replacing oil filter also requires check for oil contamination. Replacement of filter: first 50 hours and every 100 hours thereafter. Replacement of hydraulic oil: every 500 hours.

An oil filter must be fitted in the return line of the hydraulic system with a mesh of no greater then 50 micrometers and a magnetic separator.

Preserve the environment from the ravages of pollution : When dispose of the waste

Hydraulic Hammers, obey all local, state of federal regulation for the industrial waste.

9. Hydraulic oil & grease

1) Hydraulic oil

The following working materials are required to operate the hydraulic hammer.

Only approved hydraulic oils should be used. All hydraulic oils recommended by the excavator manufactured are suitable for hammer operation. Use of other hydraulic fluids is subject to approval.

Minimum viscosity 32 cSt, Optimum viscosity 46-68 cSt

Check the oil temperature constantly to ensure it does not exceed 80°C. If higher temperatures are measured in the tank, an oil cooler must be fitted.

2) Grease : NLGI No.2	Shell Alvania EP2
Lithan EP2	Mobilplex 48

When using oil at a extremely cold or hot weather, it must be selected according to the application. Contact us or the service shop.

Preserve the environment from the ravages of pollution : When dispose of the waste Hydraulic Hammers, obey all local, state of federal regulation for the industrial waste.

10. Maintenance Checking Schedule

	Item	Inspection
1 During the shift		.Lubricate the working steel 2 to 5 times per shift (depending on the conditions).Check the Bolts- bracket pin part- bracket set bolt part- power cell tension bolt part
2 Daily 2 Daily 2 Check bracket cracks		.Tighten screw connections.Hydraulic hose & piping leaks.Pipe clamps still fit correctly.Check bracket cracks.Check spring pin & rubber plug
.Ac 3 Weekly .Ch .Ch		.Tighten screw connections.Adapter & fitting for wear.Check spring pin & rubber plug.Check impact surface of working steel for chips.Check tool for crack
4 Every 2 weeks		.Check pressure accumulator & head cap.Working steel for wear.Check Tool Holder Bushing for wear.Check Tool Holder Round Bushing for wear.Check Bracket for wear.Tighten screw- Bracket: Pin part- Power cell: Tension Bolt, Hose Adapter part- Bracket : Set Bolt, Mounting Bolt part
5 Every month .Check .Over		.Tighten screw- Tension Bolt- Set Bolt and Every bolt.Check wear & damage of Retainer Pin.Check wear & damage of Bracket.Overplus wear point.Hydraulic Fluid, Nitrogen Gas leakage
6	Every 6months	.Change Seal in every 6 months .Change Pads in Silent Housing in every 6 months

VI. TROUBLE SHOOTING

Dismantle the hammer after releasing the gas from head cap. If the tension bolt is broken, all 4 bolts are to be checked for tight fitting. In case of the extension bolt of accumulator, all 4 bolts are to be checked, too.

. Hammer does not start

	Cause	Required action
1	Pressure and return lines have been mixed up	Connect them correctly
2	Shut-off valve or return lines are close	Open shut-off valve
3	Gas pressure in head cap too high.	Readjust nitrogen gas pressure
4	Damaged screw couplings are blocking pressure or return lines	Replace with new one
5	Defective electric system for hammer operation.	Call authorized service man
6	Defective magnet of valve switch	Replace magnet
7	Operating pressure too low	Inspect the engine speed of carrier and readjust the operating pressure.
8	Lack of hydraulic oil	Fill hydraulic oil

.High frequency and low blow power

	Cause	Required action	
1	No gas in head cap: Defective ring of the upper seal	Replace seal ring	
2	O-ring is damaged	Replace o-ring	

.Working temperature is high.

	Cause	Required action	
1	Oil is not sufficient	Refill hydraulic oil	
2	Oil flow of the carrier to the hammer is excessive	Reduce the speed of the engine. Adjust the oil pump	
3	Oil temperature is high, but hammer is not connected to oil cooler	Connect to oil cooler	
4	Defective relief valve	Replace with new relief cartridge	

.Low blow frequency

	Cause	Required action
1	Oil flow insufficient	Adjust the speed of engine
2	Couplings of hydraulic pipe lines are loose	Tighten.
3	Shut-off Valve is partially close.	Open it fully
4	Pressure in head cap is low	Charge the gas and adjust the pressure.
5	tool shank is seizing or tool dose not work smoothly	Check the surface of the Tool and Round Bushing. If the tool is seizing, repair with grinder
6	Oil temperature exceeds 80°C	Check and refill the hydraulic oil
7	Flow resistance of oil filter and oil cooler are high	Wash or replace oil filter and cooler
8	Inner diameter of return line is small	Replace return line more than 25mm of inner diameter
9	Return pressure is high	Check the pressure
10	Return line connects to control valve.	Return line must be connected directly to the oil tank or filter
11	Defective diaphragm of accumulator. Lots of tremor of the hose can make damage at the entrance of hammer!	Replace the diaphragm
12	Hydraulic oil pressure is low	Check the pressure and if it is red, replace with new pressure relief cartridge.

.Oil leakage

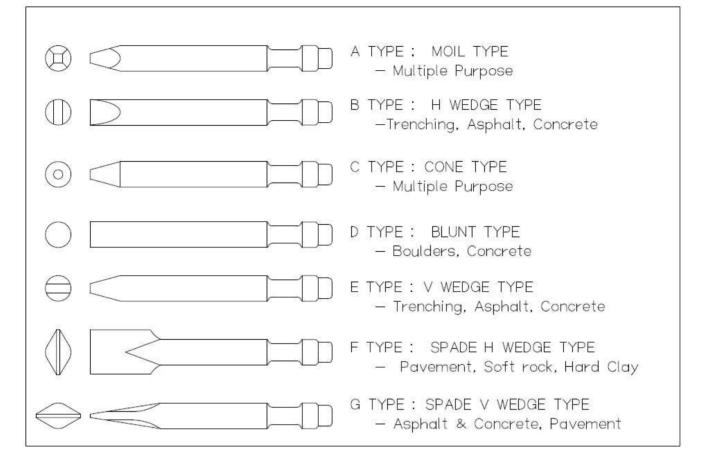
	Cause	Required action	
1	Shut-off valve is not open completely	Open shut-off valve	
2	Defective couplings of hydraulic pipe lines	Replace couplings defected	
3	Poor main pump performance	Call authorized service man	

.Reduced blow power and frequency

	Cause	Required action	
1 Loose screw connection. Defective O-Ring		Tighten screw connection. Replace with new one	
2	Loose extension bolt of accumulator	Replace O-ring and Back-up ring. Tighten extension bolt	
3	Dust seal is worn	Replace seal and grease the tool every 2 or 3 hours during operation	

VII. ACCESSORY PARTS LIST

1. Tool Bit Type and Code List

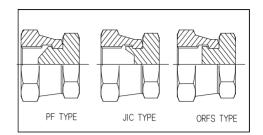


* Tool Bit Code List

	A TYPE	Β ΤΥΡΕ	C TYPE	D TYPE	E TYPE	F TYPE	G TYPE
Туре	(MOIL)	(H-WEDGE)			(V-WEDGE)	(SPADE	(SPADE
			(CONE)	(BLUNT)		H-WEDGE)	V-WEDGE)
HK10	D1000190	D1000200	D1000220	D1000230	D1000210	D1000260	D1000270
НК20	D2000100	D2000110	D2000130	D2000140	D2000120	D2000150	D2000160
НК30	D3000210	D3000220	D3000250	D3000240	D3000230	D3000260	D3000270
HK40	D4000050	D4000060	D4000090	D4000080	D4000070	D4000100	D4000110
HK45	D5000050	D5000070	D5000060	D5000090	D5000080	D5000100	D5000110
НК60	D6000050	D6000070	D6000060	D6000090	D6000080	D6000100	D6000110
HK80	D7000050	D7000060	D700080	D7000090	D7000070	D7000100	D7000110
HK130	D8000050	D8000090	D8000060	D8000070	D8000080	D8000100	D8000110
HK200	D9000070	D9000100	D900080	D0000110	D9000090	-	-
HK220	DA000050	DA000080	DA000060	DA000090	DA000070	-	-
HK250	DB000220	DB000250	DB000230	DB000260	DB000240	-	-
HK280	DC000050	DC000080	DC000060	DC000090	DC000070	-	-
HK330	DD000050	DD000080	DD000060	DD000070	DD000090	-	-
HK380	DE000120	DE000100	DE000140	DE000130	DE000110	-	-
HK500	DF000060	DF000070	DF000090	DF000100	DF000080	-	-

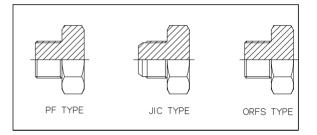
2. Union Cap Code List

HOSE		UNION CAP	
SIZE	PF TYPE	JIC TYPE	ORFS TYPE
1/2	13007110	13007020	13007420
3/4	13007130	13007030	13007440
1	13007150	13007040	13007450
1¼	13007170	13007050	13007460



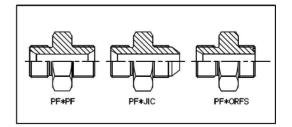
3. Hose Plug Code List

HOSE		PLUG, HOSE	
SIZE	PF TYPE	JIC TYPE	ORFS TYPE
1/2	13006530	13008400	13008220
3/4	13006550	13008410	13008240
1	13006570	13008420	13008250
1 ¼	13006590	13008430	13008260



4. O-ring Adapter Code List

HOSE	O-RING ADAPTER			
SIZE	PF*PF	PF*JIC	PF*ORFS	
1/2	13008830	13009330	13009520	
3/4	13008850	13009340	13009530	
1	13008870	13009360	13009550	
1¼	13008890	13009380	13009570	



5. Base Cover Plate Dimension

Α

260

-

310

352

В

280

-

350

366

(1) Top Bracket

MODEL

HK10

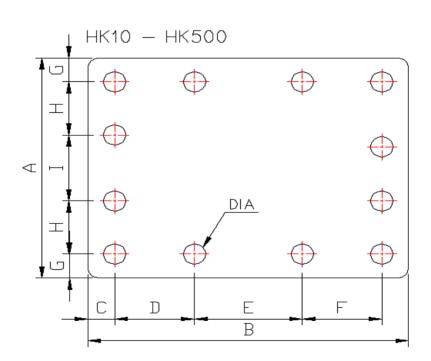
HK20

HK30

HK40

						[u	nit:mm]
С	D	E	F	G	н	I	DIA
29	74	74	74	18	80	64	18
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	100	100	100	25	80	100	21
18	110	110	110	26	100	100	18
18	110	110	110	26	100	100	18
20	122	122	122	20	110	104	20

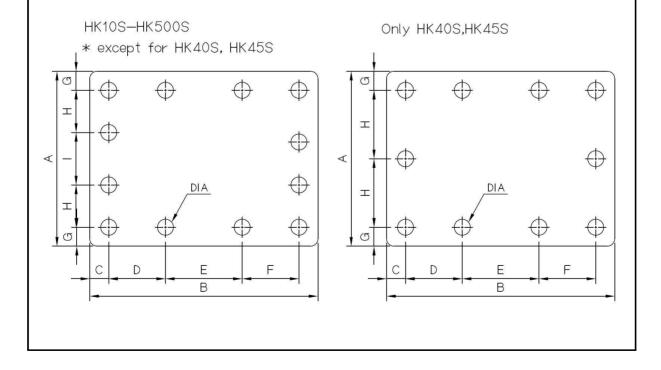
HK45	352	366	18	110	110	110	26	100	100	18
НК60	400	456	30	132	132	132	30	118	104	20
HK80	495	502	45	136	140	136	30	145	145	26
HK130	570	630	40	180	190	180	35	165	170	32
НК200	570	630	40	180	190	180	35	165	170	32
HK220	570	630	40	180	190	180	35	165	170	32
HK250	660	780	40	220	260	220	35	185	220	39
HK280	704	810	40	235	260	235	40	200	220	39
НК330	704	810	40	235	260	235	40	200	220	39
HK380	730	832	40	251	250	251	40	220	210	39
HK500	760	920	60	270	270	270	60	220	200	39



(2) Silence Housing Bracket

unit[mm]

MODEL	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	DIA
HK10S	260	280	29	74	74	74	18	224	-	18
HK20S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HK30S	310	350	25	100	100	100	25	80	100	21
HK40S	320	400	23	115	124	115	23	137	-	18
HK45S	320	400	23	115	124	115	23	137	-	18
HK60S	378	495	24	149	149	149	24	100	130	20
HK80S	495	590	35	170	180	170	30	145	145	26
HK130S	520	680	40	200	200	200	40	127	186	32
HK200S	520	680	40	200	200	200	40	127	186	32
HK220S	520	680	40	200	200	200	40	127	186	32
HK250S	660	780	40	220	260	220	35	185	220	39
HK280S	704	810	40	235	260	235	40	200	220	39
HK330S	704	810	40	235	260	235	40	200	220	39
HK380S	730	832	40	251	250	251	40	220	210	39
HK500S	760	920	60	270	270	270	60	220	200	39
										-

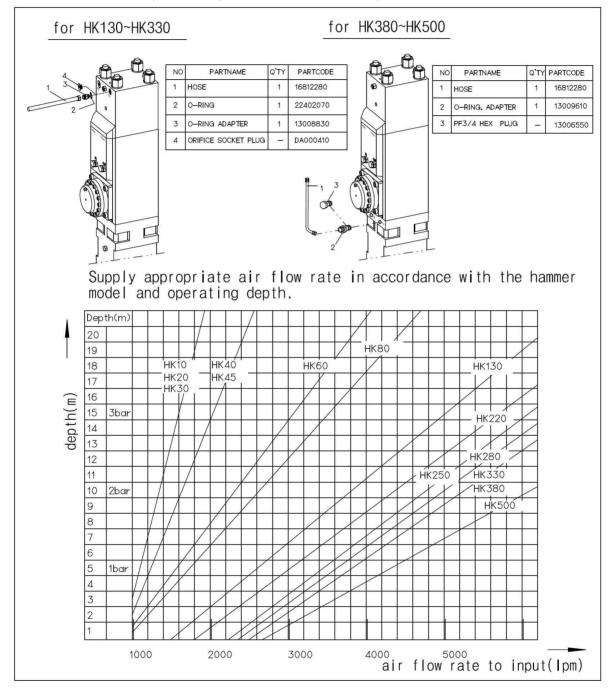


A DANGER

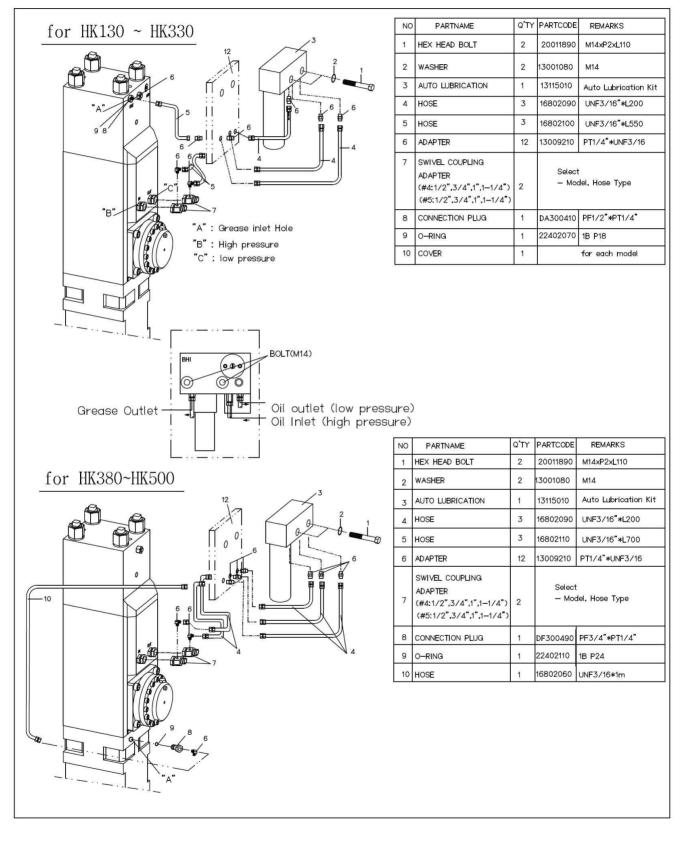
VIII. UNDERWATER KIT(OPTION)

The hydraulic hammer should never be left in or underwater with the compressed air supply switched off. Without the compressed air supply, the cylinder will fill up with water, and it will then result in serious damage.

* For under water operation, please contact to us.(option)



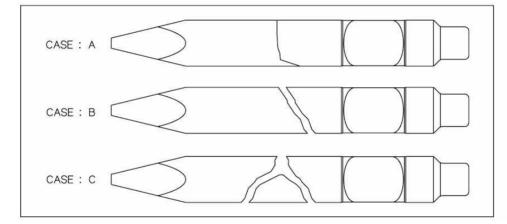
IX. AUTOLUBE KIT(OPTION)



MI. WEAR PARTS AND JUDGEMENT - Tool

Tool is a wear parts and can also have various problems.

- When damage occurs in the part where tool meets with Piston, the degree of abrasion on tool Holder Bushing and Round Bushing must be checked.
 In case Piston and tool are not genuine parts, damage can occur by the different hardness caused by different heating treatment(process).
 Free replacement will be made when choice goods are used in standard condition.
- 2) Tool will be replaced with no charge in case damage occurs in aperture of Retainer Pin.
- 3) Free replacement can not be made when damage occurs below Retainer Pin, which is below Tool Holder Bushing, since it is considered user's fault such as prying.
- 4) The Serial Number of tool must be checked in order to make a claim.
- 5) The Serial Number is on the side of aperture for Retainer Pin.
- 6) When problem occurs, the damaged area as well as the Serial Number must be photographed and the damaged part must be collected and kept for evidence .



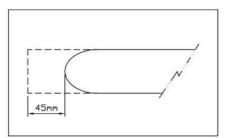
- 7) Claim can not be made in case of excessive abrasion of Tool.
- Vertical cuts
- Horizontal cuts
- Breakage of hitting parts
- Flatness of hitting parts

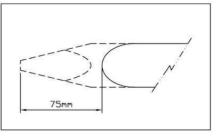
(1) Charged Repair

Best Hammer Industries

Damage caused by using non genuine Piston or tool Horizontal cuts below the joint with Retainer Pin Wear around the End Taper Damage occurring after using Flat type Tool more than 45mm of wear

Damage occurring after using Moil. H-Wedge, V-Wedge Type more than 75mm of wear





In case Tool is pushed in by continuous hitting on hard rocks Damage to upper part of Tool by excessive abrasion of Tool Holder Bushing

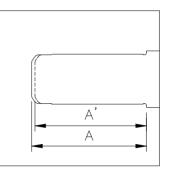
(2) Free Repair

Breakage or flatness of upper hitting part of tool in normal usage condition Damage to joint of Retainer Pin Vertical cuts in Tool

IX. HYDRAULIC HAMMERS MAINTENANCE REPLACEMENT SCHEDULE

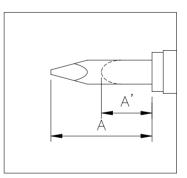
1) Piston

	Stroke part length as new part		Stroke part length A at reject limit		
Model		4	A'		
	mm	inch	mm	inch	
HK10	173	6.011	172	6.771	
HK20	180	7.086	179	7.047	
HK30	189	7.440	188	7.401	
HK40	195	7.677	194	7.638	
HK45	195	7.677	194	7.638	
HK60	244	9.606	243	9.567	
HK80	275	10.827	274	10.787	
HK130	303	11.929	301	11.850	
HK200	390	15.354	389	15.315	
HK220	326	12.835	325	12.795	
HK250	319	12.559	318	12.520	
HK280	405.5	15.965	403.5	15.886	
HK330	393	15.472	391.5	15.413	
HK380	406	15.984	404.5	15.925	
HK500	446	18.346	444.5	17.500	



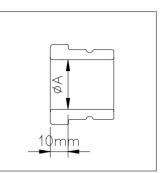
2) Tool

		length A w part	Usable length A at reject limit		
Model		A	4	ν'	
	mm	inch	mm	inch	
HK10	350	13.779	200	7.874	
HK20	376	14.803	200	7.874	
HK30	411	16.181	200	7.874	
HK40	432	17.008	250	9.843	
HK45	367	14.449	250	9.843	
HK60	466	18.346	250	9.843	
HK80	578	22.756	250	9.843	
HK130	709	27.913	250	9.843	
HK200	866	34.094	400	15.748	
HK220	694	27.323	400	15.748	
HK250	721	28.386	450	17.717	
HK280	833	32.795	500	19.685	
HK330	816	32.126	500	19.685	
HK380	924	36.377	500	19.685	
HK500	913	35.945	500	19.685	



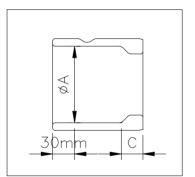
3) Tool Holder Bushing

Model		ameter A ew part	Inside diameter A at reject limit		
	mm	inch	mm	inch	
HK10	45	1.771	47	1.050	
HK20	53	2.086	55	2.165	
HK30	58	2.283	60	2.362	
HK40	68	2.677	70	2.756	
HK45	75	2.953	78	3.071	
HK60	90	3.543	94	3.701	
HK80	100	3.937	105	4.134	
HK130	120	4.724	125	4.921	
HK200	135	5.315	141	5.551	
HK220	138	5.433	144	5.669	
HK250	145	5.709	151	5.945	
HK280	155	6.102	161	6.339	
HK330	158	6.220	164	6.457	
HK380	170	6.692	176	6.929	
HK500	180	7.087	186	7.323	



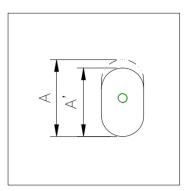
4) Round Bushing

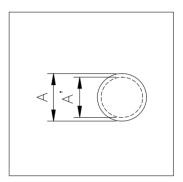
	Bore(A) of Reject limit			Thickness as Thickness			ness at	
	new	part	of bo	ore(A)	new part		reject limtit	
Model		ø	Α		C			
	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch
HK10	45	1.771	47	1.850	14	0.551	11	0.433
HK20	53	2.086	55	2.165	17	0.669	14	0.551
HK30	58	2.283	60	2.362	14	0.551	11	0.433
HK40	68	2.677	70	2.795	23	0.906	26	1.023
HK45	75	2.953	78	3.071	19.5	0.768	22.5	0.886
HK60	90	3.543	95	3.740	24	0.945	27	1.063
HK80	100	3.937	105	4.134	28	1.102	31	1.220
HK130	120	4.724	125	4.921	38	1.496	41	1.614
HK200	135	5.315	141	5.551	24	0.944	21	0.826
HK220	138	5.433	144	5.669	52	2.047	55	2.165
HK250	145	5.709	151	5.945	45	1.772	48	1.890
HK280	155	6.102	161	6.338	40	1.575	43	1.693
HK330	158	6.220	164	6.457	52	2.047	55	2.165
HK380	170	6.693	176	6.929	46.5	1.831	49.5	1.949
HK500	180	7.087	186	7.322	70	2.756	73	2.874



5) Retainer Pin

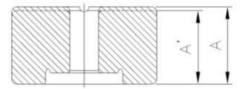
	Dimen	sion(A)	Dimension(A')		
N	as ne	w part	at reject limit		
Model		4	A	1	
	mm	inch	mm	inch	
HK10	24	0.944	22	0.866	
HK20	30	1.181	28	1.102	
HK30	34	1.338	32	1.259	
HK40	30	1.181	28	1.102	
HK45	30	1.181	28	1.102	
HK60	37	1.457	34	1.334	
HK80	60	2.362	57	2.244	
HK130	89	3.504	86	3.386	
HK200	90	3.543	87	3.425	
HK220	90	3.543	87	3.425	
HK250	89	3.504	86	3.386	
HK280	97	3.819	94	3.701	
HK330	97	3.819	94	3.701	
HK380	97	3.819	94	3.701	
HK500	103	4.055	99	3.897	





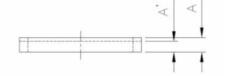
6) Upper Cushion

	Dimension(A)		Dimension(A')		
Model	as ne	ew part	at reject limit		
woder		A		A'	
	mm	inch	mm	inch	
HK10S	65	2.56	60	2.362	
HK20S	65	2.56	60	2.362	
HK30S	58	2.28	53	2.087	
HK40S	73	2.87	68	2.677	
HK45S	76	2.99	71	2.795	
HK60S	76	2.99	71	2.795	
HK80S	117	4.61	112	4.409	
HK130S	117	4.61	112	4.409	
HK200S	137	5.39	132	5.197	
HK220S	137	5.39	132	5.197	
HK250S	160	6.30	155	6.102	
HK280S	160	6.30	155	6.102	
HK330S	160	6.30	155	6.102	
HK380S	160	6.30	155	6.102	
HK500S	160	6.30	155	6.102	



7) Down Cushion

	Dimension(A)		Dimension(A')		
Madal	as ne	w part	at reject limit		
Model		A		Α'	
	mm	inch	mm	inch	
HK10S	15	0.59	12	0.47	
HK20S	15	0.59	12	0.47	
HK30S	12	0.47	9	0.35	
HK40S	10	0.39	7	0.28	
HK45S	30	1.18	27	1.06	
HK60S	30	1.18	26	1.02	
HK80S	50	1.97	46	1.81	
HK130S	50	1.97	46	1.81	
HK200S	26	1.02	22	0.87	
HK220S	25	0.98	21	0.83	
HK250S	25	0.98	21	0.83	
HK280S	25	0.98	21	0.83	
HK330S	25	0.98	21	0.83	
HK380S	25	0.98	21	0.83	
HK500S	27	1.06	23	0.91	



ATTENTION

6) SEAL KIT : Oil Leaks, Tears, Cuts, Abrasion (Scratches), Hardening or Inverting of Seal Kit Charged Repair

Oil leaks due to excessive use of Seals without replacement

Hardening of Seals due to excessive rise of oil temperature (over 80°C(176°F))

Discoloration of Seals to dark brown

Scratches on Seals due to inflow of particles

Damage caused by not carrying on warming ups in the beginning of operating Hammer Inverted Seals

Free Repair

Oil leaks or Gas leaks when Piston and Cylinder are normal.

MEMO

BHI

PartCode	13104010
Date	2013.01

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